

THINGS TO CONSIDER WHEN PICKING A PLANT:

- How much sun does that site receive?
- What type of soil do you have in your yard?
- Are you trying to attract butterflies or pollinators?

KEY



Prefers full sun



Prefers full to part sun



Prefers part sun to shade



Acts as host plant for larval
butterflies and moths



Attract pollinators
(insects, bees, butterflies, etc.)



FOR YARD DESIGNS AND
OTHER IDEAS VISIT
BeFloridianNow.org



WHO WE ARE:

Call us the Florida East Coast Society for Preserving Florida for Boating, Fishing, and Drinks with Little Umbrellas. Be Floridian Now is calling on all Floridians to help protect what makes Florida so fun.

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Native Plants to Protect Florida Fun





Butterfly Weed
Asclepias tuberosa



Indian Blanket
Gaillardia pulchella



Sunshine Mimosa
Mimosa strigillosa



Shiny-leaved Wild Coffee
Psychotria nervosa



American Beautyberry
Callicarpa americana



Firebush
Hamelia patens var. *patens*



Spotted Beebalm
Monarda punctata



Blackeyed Susan
Rudbeckia hirta



Partridge Pea
Chamaecrista fasciculata



Dune Sunflower
Helianthus debilis



Red Mulberry
Morus rubra



Blue Porterweed
Stachytarpheta jamaicensis



Leavenworth's Tickseed
Coreopsis leavenworthii



Yaupon Holly
Ilex vomitoria



Muhly Grass
Muhlenbergia capillaris



Coontie
Zamia pumila



Persimmon
Diospyros virginiana



Blazing Star
Liatris spp.



Purple Passionflower
Passiflora incarnata



Rainlilies
Zephyranthes atamasca



FLORIDIFY YOUR YARD!



Sit back and enjoy the wildlife your native plants will bring to your yard. Native plants provide a haven for butterflies, bees, insects, other pollinators, and birds. They provide shelter, food, and a place to lay eggs all at once!



Florida native plants bring vibrant colors, textures, and wildlife to your yard. When planting native plants, dig a hole that is wider, but no deeper than the plant's root ball. Place your plant in the hole, and backfill with dirt. Once planted, top with 3 inches of mulch to retain water and keep weeds at bay. Water plants well until established, which can vary based on the size and species of the plant. Once established, native plants thrive on natural rainfall alone and don't require any fertilizer.



Photo Credit: Shirley Denton
(<http://www.shirleydenton.com/index.php>)